

SMAD2 Knockout cell line (AC16)

Catalog Number: KOA14926

Product Information	
Product Name	SMAD2 Knockout cell line (AC16)
specification	1*10 ⁶
Storage and transportation	Shipped on dry ice; Store in liquid nitrogen
Cell morphology	Fibroblast-like, adherent
Passage ratio	1 : 3-1 : 4
species	Human
Gene	SMAD2
Gene ID	4087
Build method	Electroporation/Lentivirus
Mycoplasma testing	negative
Cultivation system	90% DMEM/F12+10% FBS
Price (USD)	Inquiry
Parental Cell Line	AC16
Quality Control	Genotype: SMAD2 Knockout cell line (AC16)>95% viability before freezing. All cells were tested and found to be free of bacterial, viruses, mycoplasma and other toxins.

Gene Information	
Gene Official Full Name	SMAD family member 2 provided by HGNC
Also known as	JV18; LDS6; CHTD8; MADH2; MADR2; JV18-1; hMAD-2; hSMAD2
Gene Description	The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the SMAD, a family of proteins similar to the gene products of the Drosophila gene 'mothers against decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the C. elegans gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signal of the transforming growth factor (TGF)-beta, and thus regulates multiple cellular processes, such as cell proliferation, apoptosis, and differentiation. This protein is recruited to the TGF-beta receptors through its interaction with the SMAD anchor for receptor activation (SARA) protein. In response to TGF-beta signal, this protein is phosphorylated by the TGF-beta receptors. The phosphorylation induces the dissociation of this protein with SARA and the association with the family member SMAD4. The association with SMAD4 is important for the translocation of this protein into the nucleus, where it binds to target

	promoters and forms a transcription repressor complex with other cofactors. This protein can also be phosphorylated by activin type 1 receptor kinase, and mediates the signal from the activin. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been observed for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2012]
Expression	Ubiquitous expression in thyroid (RPKM 6.6), testis (RPKM 4.0) and 25 other tissues See more