

RAF1 Knockout cell line (AC16)

Catalog Number: KOA13967

| Product Information | |
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| Product Name | RAF1 Knockout cell line (AC16) |
| specification | 1*10 ⁶ |
| Storage and transportation | Shipped on dry ice; Store in liquid nitrogen |
| Cell morphology | Fibroblast-like, adherent |
| Passage ratio | 1 : 3-1 : 4 |
| species | Human |
| Gene | RAF1 |
| Gene ID | 5894 |
| Build method | Electroporation/Lentivirus |
| Mycoplasma testing | negative |
| Cultivation system | 90% DMEM/F12+10% FBS |
| Price (USD) | Inquiry |
| Parental Cell Line | AC16 |
| Quality Control | Genotype: RAF1 Knockout cell line (AC16)>95% viability before freezing. All cells were tested and found to be free of bacterial, viruses, mycoplasma and other toxins. |

| Gene Information | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Gene Official Full Name | Raf-1 proto-oncogene, serine/threonine kinase provided by HGNC |
| Also known as | NS5; CRAF; Raf-1; c-Raf; CMD1NN |
| Gene Description | This gene is the cellular homolog of viral raf gene (v-raf). The encoded protein is a MAP kinase kinase kinase (MAP3K), which functions downstream of the Ras family of membrane associated GTPases to which it binds directly. Once activated, the cellular RAF1 protein can phosphorylate to activate the dual specificity protein kinases MEK1 and MEK2, which in turn phosphorylate to activate the serine/threonine specific protein kinases, ERK1 and ERK2. Activated ERKs are pleiotropic effectors of cell physiology and play an important role in the control of gene expression involved in the cell division cycle, apoptosis, cell differentiation and cell migration. Mutations in this gene are associated with Noonan syndrome 5 and LEOPARD syndrome 2. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008] |
| Expression | Ubiquitous expression in bone marrow (RPKM 34.4), heart (RPKM 32.5) and 25 other tissues See more |

