

HSD17B1 Knockout cell line (HCT 116)

Catalog Number: KO37181

Product Information	
Product Name	HSD17B1 Knockout cell line (HCT 116)
specification	1*10 ⁶
Storage and transportation	Dry ice preservation/T25 live cell transportation.
Cell morphology	Epithelioid, adherent cell
Passage ratio	1:2~1:4
species	Human
Gene	HSD17B1
Gene ID	3292
Build method	Electric rotation method / virus method
Mycoplasma testing	Negative
Cultivation system	90%McCOYs 5A+10% FBS
Parental Cell Line	HCT 116
Quality Control	Genotype: HSD17B1 Knockout cell line (HCT 116) >95% viability before freezing. All cells were tested and found to be free of bacterial, viruses, mycoplasma and other toxins.

Gene Information	
Gene Official Full Name	hydroxysteroid 17-beta dehydrogenase 1provided by HGNC
Also known as	E2DH; HSD17; EDHB17; EDH17B2; SDR28C1; 17-beta-HSD; 20-alpha-HSD
Gene Description	This gene encodes a member of the 17beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase family of short-chain dehydrogenases/reductases. It has a dual function in estrogen activation and androgen inactivation and plays a major role in establishing the estrogen E2 concentration gradient between serum and peripheral tissues. The encoded protein catalyzes the last step in estrogen activation, using NADPH to convert estrogens E1 and E2 and androgens like 4-androstenedione, to testosterone. It has an N-terminal short-chain dehydrogenase domain with a cofactor binding site, and a narrow, hydrophobic C-terminal domain with a steroid substrate binding site. This gene is expressed primarily in the placenta and ovarian granulosa cells, and to a lesser extent, in the endometrium, adipose tissue, and prostate. Polymorphisms in this gene have been linked to breast and prostate cancer. A pseudogene of this gene has been identified. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2016]

Expression

Biased expression in placenta (RPKM 41.1), fat (RPKM 4.7) and 11 other tissues [See more](#)