

NUDT1 Knockout cell line (HEK293)

Catalog Number: KO36543

| Product Information | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Product Name | NUDT1 Knockout cell line (HEK293) |
| specification | 1*10^6 |
| Storage and transportation | Dry ice preservation/T25 live cell transportation. |
| Cell morphology | Epithelioid, adherent cell |
| Passage ratio | 1:3~1:6 |
| species | Human |
| Gene | NUDT1 |
| Gene ID | 4521 |
| Build method | Electric rotation method / virus method |
| Mycoplasma testing | Negative |
| Cultivation system | 90%DMEM+10% FBS |
| Parental Cell Line | HEK293 |
| Quality Control | Genotype: NUDT1 Knockout cell line (HEK293) >95% viability before freezing. All cells were tested and found to be free of bacterial, viruses,mycoplasma and other toxins. |

| Gene Information | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Gene Official Full Name | nudix hydrolase 1provided by HGNC |
| Also known as | MTH1 |
| Gene Description | Misincorporation of oxidized nucleoside triphosphates into DNA/RNA during replication and transcription can cause mutations that may result in carcinogenesis or neurodegeneration. The protein encoded by this gene is an enzyme that hydrolyzes oxidized purine nucleoside triphosphates, such as 8-oxo-dGTP, 8-oxo-dATP, 2-hydroxy-dATP, and 2-hydroxy rATP, to monophosphates, thereby preventing misincorporation. The encoded protein is localized mainly in the cytoplasm, with some in the mitochondria, suggesting that it is involved in the sanitization of nucleotide pools both for nuclear and mitochondrial genomes. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants, some of which encode distinct isoforms, have been identified. Additional variants have been observed, but their full-length natures have not been determined. A rare single-nucleotide polymorphism that results in the production of an additional, longer isoform (p26) has been described. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2018] |



Expression

Broad expression in bone marrow (RPKM 17.0), testis (RPKM 13.9) and 24 other tissues See more