

PEX5 Knockout cell line (HCT 116)

Catalog Number: KO09452

Product Information	
Product Name	PEX5 Knockout cell line (HCT 116)
specification	1*10 ⁶
Storage and transportation	Dry ice preservation/T25 live cell transportation.
Cell morphology	Epithelioid, adherent cell
Passage ratio	1:2~1:4
species	Human
Gene	PEX5
Gene ID	5830
Build method	Electric rotation method / virus method
Mycoplasma testing	Negative
Cultivation system	90%McCOYs 5A+10% FBS
Parental Cell Line	HCT 116
Quality Control	Genotype: PEX5 Knockout cell line (HCT 116) >95% viability before freezing. All cells were tested and found to be free of bacterial, viruses, mycoplasma and other toxins.

Gene Information	
Gene Official Full Name	peroxisomal biogenesis factor 5 provided by HGNC
Also known as	PXR1; PBD2A; PBD2B; PTS1R; RCDP5; PTS1-BP
Gene Description	The product of this gene binds to the C-terminal PTS1-type tripeptide peroxisomal targeting signal (SKL-type) and plays an essential role in peroxisomal protein import. Peroxisins (PEXs) are proteins that are essential for the assembly of functional peroxisomes. The peroxisome biogenesis disorders (PBDs) are a group of genetically heterogeneous autosomal recessive, lethal diseases characterized by multiple defects in peroxisome function. The peroxisomal biogenesis disorders are a heterogeneous group with at least 14 complementation groups and with more than 1 phenotype being observed in cases falling into particular complementation groups. Although the clinical features of PBD patients vary, cells from all PBD patients exhibit a defect in the import of one or more classes of peroxisomal matrix proteins into the organelle. Defects in this gene are a cause of neonatal adrenoleukodystrophy (NALD), a cause of Zellweger syndrome (ZWS) as well as may be a cause of infantile Refsum disease (IRD). Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different

	isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2008]
Expression	Ubiquitous expression in testis (RPKM 16.9), brain (RPKM 10.8) and 25 other tissues See more