

## MBD2 Knockout cell line (HCT 116)

**Catalog Number:** KO06646

| Product Information        |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Product Name               | MBD2 Knockout cell line (HCT 116)  |
| specification              | 1*10 <sup>6</sup>  |
| Storage and transportation | Dry ice preservation/T25 live cell transportation.   |
| Cell morphology            | Epithelioid, adherent cell   |
| Passage ratio              | 1:2~1:4  |
| species                    | Human  |
| Gene                       | MBD2   |
| Gene ID                    | 8932   |
| Build method               | Electric rotation method / virus method  |
| Mycoplasma testing         | Negative   |
| Cultivation system         | 90%McCOYs 5A+10% FBS   |
| Parental Cell Line         | HCT 116  |
| Quality Control            | Genotype: MBD2 Knockout cell line (HCT 116) >95% viability before freezing. All cells were tested and found to be free of bacterial, viruses, mycoplasma and other toxins. |

| Gene Information        |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Gene Official Full Name | methyl-CpG binding domain protein 2 provided by HGNC   |
| Also known as           | DMTase; NY-CO-41   |
| Gene Description        | DNA methylation is the major modification of eukaryotic genomes and plays an essential role in mammalian development. Human proteins MECP2, MBD1, MBD2, MBD3, and MBD4 comprise a family of nuclear proteins related by the presence in each of a methyl-CpG binding domain (MBD). Each of these proteins, with the exception of MBD3, is capable of binding specifically to methylated DNA. MECP2, MBD1 and MBD2 can also repress transcription from methylated gene promoters. The protein encoded by this gene may function as a mediator of the biological consequences of the methylation signal. It is also reported that the this protein functions as a demethylase to activate transcription, as DNA methylation causes gene silencing. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2011] |
| Expression              | Ubiquitous expression in thyroid (RPKM 19.7), lymph node (RPKM 18.4) and 25 other tissues See more   |

