

MRPL40 Knockout cell line (C4-2B)

Catalog Number: KO00046

Product Information	
Product Name	MRPL40 Knockout cell line (C4-2B)
specification	1*10^6
Storage and transportation	Dry ice preservation/T25 live cell transportation.
Cell morphology	Epithelioid, adherent cell
Passage ratio	1:2-1:3
species	Human
Gene	MRPL40
Gene ID	64976
Build method	Electric rotation method / virus method
Mycoplasma testing	Negative
Cultivation system	90%RPMI-1640+10%FBS
Parental Cell Line	C4-2B
Quality Control	Genotype: MRPL40 Knockout cell line (C4-2B) >95% viability before freezing. All cells were tested and found to be free of bacterial, viruses,mycoplasma and other toxins.

Gene Information	
Gene Official Full Name	mitochondrial ribosomal protein L40provided by HGNC
Also known as	URIM; mL40; L40mt; NLVCF; MRPL22; MRP-L22; MRP-L40
Gene Description	Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a 39S subunit protein. Deletions in this gene may contribute to the etiology of velocardio-facial syndrome and DiGeorge syndrome. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Expression	Ubiquitous expression in thyroid (RPKM 13.6), heart (RPKM 10.7) and 25 other tissues See more

